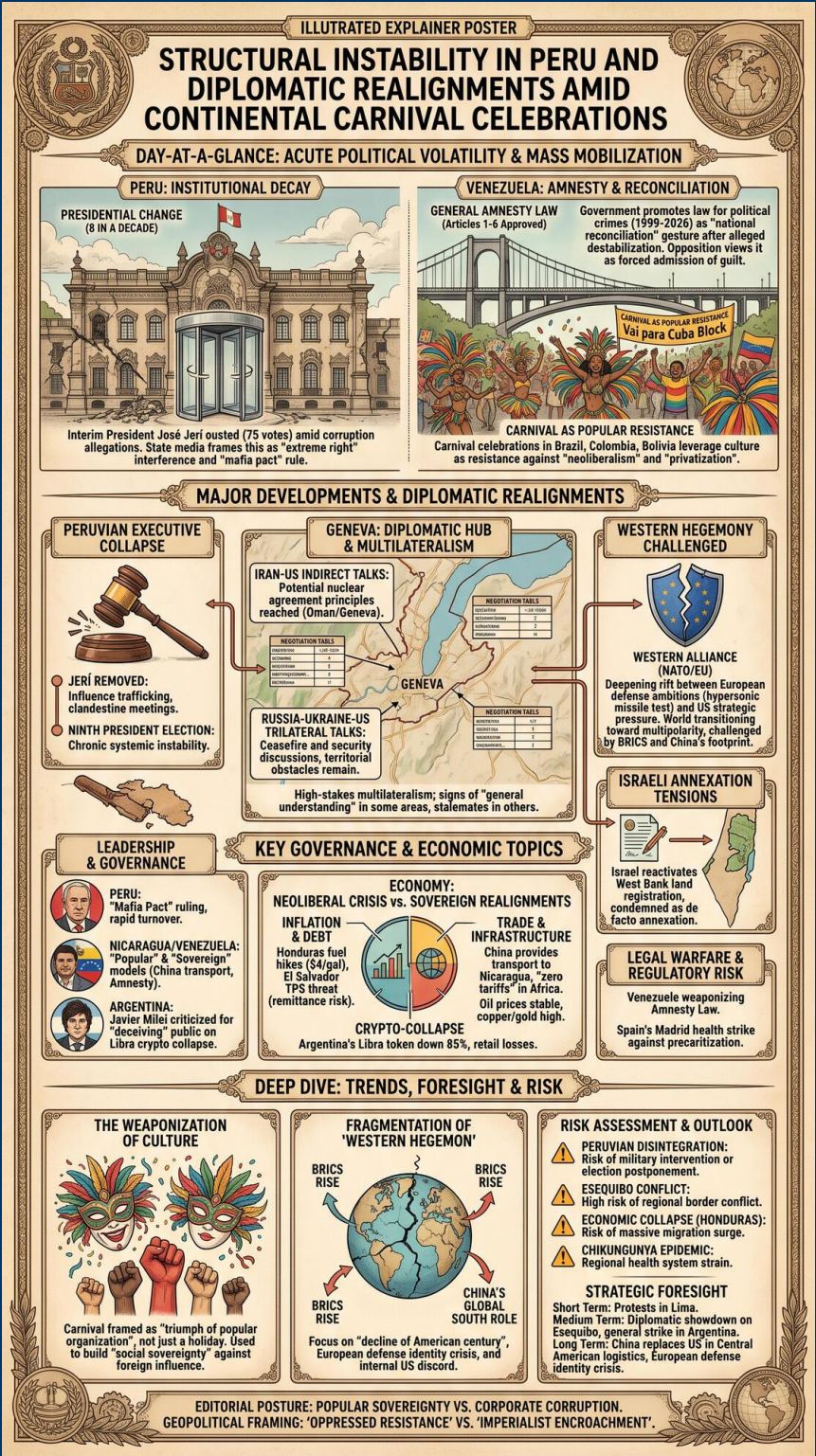


TODAY'S MEDIA TRENDS

TELESUR

FEBRUARY 17, 2026

THE GDELT PROJECT



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STRUCTURAL INSTABILITY IN PERU AND DIPLOMATIC REALIGNMENTS AMID CONTINENTAL CARNIVAL CELEBRATIONS

DAY-AT-A-GLANCE

The regional landscape on February 17, 2026, is defined by acute political volatility in Peru, where the legislative ousting of interim President José Jerí marks the eighth presidential change in a decade. This institutional decay is framed by state media as a consequence of "extreme right" interference and corruption, contrasting sharply with the domestic narrative in Venezuela, where the government is aggressively promoting a general Amnesty Law. This legislative push is presented as a strategic move toward "national reconciliation" following the alleged foreign-backed destabilization attempts of early 2026. These political maneuvers occur against a backdrop of mass cultural mobilization, with Carnival celebrations across Brazil, Colombia, and Bolivia being leveraged as symbols of popular resistance against neoliberalism and "privatization" of public space.

Globally, the day is marked by a flurry of high-stakes multilateralism centered in Geneva. Indirect negotiations between Iran and the United States over nuclear protocols show signs of a "general understanding," while trilateral talks between Russia, Ukraine, and the U.S. continue without tangible breakthroughs on territorial sovereignty. This diplomatic activity is shadowed by a deepening rift between European defense ambitions—highlighted by the test of a prototype hypersonic missile—and the strategic pressure from Washington to maintain NATO dependency. The framing suggests a world transitioning toward multipolarity, where traditional Western hegemonies are increasingly challenged by the BRICS bloc and China's expanding footprint in Latin American infrastructure and trade.

MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS

Collapse of the Peruvian Executive

- Interim President **José Jerí** was removed from office by a 75-vote congressional majority following allegations of [trafficking in influence](#) and irregular contracts with foreign businessmen.
- The legislature is scheduled to elect a **ninth president** in ten years, illustrating a state of chronic institutional [systemic instability](#) just weeks before planned general elections.
- Accusations against Jerí include participating in a [group sexual assault](#) and holding clandestine late-night meetings at the government palace while disguised.

Venezuelan Amnesty and Reconciliation Strategy

- The National Assembly approved the first six articles of a **General Amnesty Law** intended to cover political crimes committed since 1999, specifically targeting those involved in the [events of April 2002](#) and the 2024 election protests.
- The law requires beneficiaries to "submit to the law" and acknowledge state institutions, which the opposition views as a [forced admission of guilt](#).
- State leadership, including **Delcy Rodríguez**, characterizes the measure as a "magnanimous" gesture to end the cycle of violence following the [January 3 attacks](#).

Nuclear and Conflict Diplomacy in Geneva

- Iran and the U.S. concluded a second round of indirect talks in Oman/Geneva, reportedly reaching a [consensus on principles](#) for a potential nuclear agreement.
- A new round of trilateral Russia-Ukraine-U.S. talks commenced in Geneva, focusing on [ceasefire and security guarantees](#), though territorial disputes remain an "obstacle."

Israeli Territorial Annexation Tensions

- Israel has reactivated land registration in the West Bank (Cisjordania), a move the UN and EU have condemned as [de facto annexation](#) of up to 60% of Palestinian territory.
- The Palestinian Authority and regional actors like Qatar and Egypt warn this policy [destabilizes peace efforts](#) and violates international law.

Neoliberal Crisis and Remittance Dependency

- Honduras faces significant fuel price hikes, exceeding 100 lempiras per gallon, which is driving [inflation in basic goods](#) and prompting an IMF mission to evaluate the economy.
- In El Salvador, the potential cancellation of **Temporary Protected Status (TPS)** in the U.S. threatens a flow of [\\$170 million in annual remittances](#), impacting 25% of the national GDP.

KEY GOVERNANCE TOPICS

Leadership Dynamics & Governance The recurring theme is the perceived failure of "neoliberal" governance models. In Peru, the rapid turnover of presidents is presented as a symptom of a ["mafia pact"](#) ruling the country. In contrast, Nicaragua's delivery of [transport units](#) from China and Venezuela's reconciliation efforts are framed as models of "popular" and "sovereign" leadership. **Javier Milei's** administration in Argentina is criticized for "deceiving" the public regarding the [Libra cryptocurrency](#) collapse.

Diplomacy & Statecraft Geneva has emerged as the primary hub for the day's diplomatic maneuvers. The Iranian delegation, led by **Abataraahi**, is successfully framing their nuclear ambitions as [strictly peaceful](#) while negotiating for the lifting of sanctions. Meanwhile, Mexico's **Claudia Sheinbaum** is navigating a delicate path: refusing to join the [Gaza peace board](#) proposed by Donald Trump but maintaining humanitarian aid to Cuba despite U.S. arancels.

Legal Warfare & Regulatory Risk Venezuela is weaponizing the legislative process to secure a [permanent peace](#) through

its Amnesty Law, effectively forcing the political opposition to either reconcile on government terms or face continued marginalization. In Spain, the **health strike in Madrid** represents a breakdown in labor relations, with doctors accusing the regional government of [precaritizing health services](#).

Geopolitical Competition & Bloc Politics

The "Trío Calavera" (the UK, Germany, and France) is depicted as pushing for a [European army](#) to gain defense autonomy, yet simultaneously being "pressured" by the U.S. to increase NATO spending to 5% of GDP. The rise of **BRICS** is consistently cited as the [alternative](#) to the "monopoly of the West" over international finance.

DEEP DIVE: TRENDS AND THEMES

The Weaponization of Culture and Carnival

State media is framing Carnival not as a holiday, but as a [triumfo de la organización popular](#) (triumph of popular organization). In Brazil, the "Vai para Cuba" block in Campinas is used to satirize the "extreme right's" narrative, transforming a street party into a [political act](#) against the U.S. blockade. Similarly, Venezuela's "March of the Cloves" honoring Ali Primera is integrated into the Carnival season to reinforce [revolutionary identity](#). The overarching trend is the use of mass cultural events to build "social sovereignty" against perceived foreign economic encroachment.

Demographic and Territorial Engineering

A dark sub-narrative focuses on "experiments in demographic engineering." Analysts describe Israeli actions in Gaza as an attempt to [eradicate the native population](#) using non-conventional weapons like thermobaric bombs. This is linked to wider patterns of

"colonial" expansion, including the [appropriation of land](#) in the West Bank. The framing suggests that international law is failing to prevent "genocide by omission," where technical registration procedures are used to legalize land theft.

The Fragmentation of the "Western Hegemon"

There is a persistent focus on the "decline of the American century." Reports highlight European attempts to develop [hypersonic missiles](#) as a modicum of modesta (modest) defense against Russian and Chinese superiority. The internal discord in the U.S.—specifically Donald Trump's criticisms of [NBA players](#) and isolationist trade policies—is presented as evidence of a "fractured" power that can no longer dictate terms to the "Global South."

INTERNAL DYNAMICS & DOMESTIC INSTABILITY

Peru: Institutional Implosion The ouster of José Jerí signals a [crisis terminal](#) for the current representative democratic system. The "mafia pact" between figures like **Keiko Fujimori** and **César Acuña** is blamed for keeping the legislature "kidnapped" while the executive remains a rotating door of interim leaders. This has led to a total [distrust of the population](#), with 50% of voters polled stating they will not vote for any candidate.

Argentina: Labor Resistance President Milei's administration faces growing unrest as labor unions like the **CGT** defy orders to move, opting for [strikes without mobilization](#) to protest a new labor reform law allegedly written by corporations. The "precaritization" of labor, evidenced by 5.9 million [unregistered delivery workers](#), is creating a "storm" of social tension.

Venezuela: Re-establishing Authority via Mercy The Maduro government is using the Amnesty Law to consolidate control. By offering a path back to civil life for the opposition, they are effectively [narrowing the space](#) for "radicalism." The framing is that the state is strong enough to forgive, while the opposition is "exhausted" and "hooked on violence."

EXTERNAL DYNAMICS & GLOBAL POSTURE

The Multipolar Frame The international system is framed as a battlefield between a "declining" U.S. and a rising "multipolar" world. China is the primary protagonist in this shift, providing [transport infrastructure](#) to Nicaragua and acting as a "facilitator" in Africa. The [Antarctica](#) is identified as the final frontier for natural resources, with the U.S. "Doctrine Monroe 2.0" viewed as a desperate attempt to maintain its "backyard."

Defensive Sovereignty Nations like Iran and Venezuela are projecting a posture of "armed peace." Iran's naval exercises in the [Strait of Hormuz](#) are explicitly linked to its right to defend its sovereign nuclear program. Venezuela's focus on the [Geneva Agreement](#) regarding the Esequibo territory serves as a warning that it will not tolerate "mala fe" (bad faith) from Guyana or its corporate backers (ExxonMobil).

THE ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

The economic outlook is characterized by extreme divergence between the "neoliberal" nations suffering from inflation and debt, and "sovereign" nations focusing on trade realignments with China and the Middle East. Inflationary pressures in Honduras and labor precarity in Argentina dominate the negative

indicators, while Mexico focuses on strengthening its domestic [agro-industrial exports](#) to Canada.

Key Economic Vectors

- **Commodities:** Oil prices hover around \$63.25 (WTI) and \$68.70 (Brent), while copper and gold remain high at \$6/oz and \$5/oz respectively, providing a [cushion for the Peruvian economy](#) despite its political chaos.
- **Inflation:** Argentina reported an [inflation rate of 2.9%](#) for January 2026, slightly higher than December, as the public struggles with a 41% hike in public transport fares.
- **Crypto-Collapse:** The Argentinian "Libra" token has lost [85% of its value](#) since its February 2025 launch, resulting in hundreds of millions in losses for retail investors.
- **Trade Infrastructure:** China's delivery of [4,610 transport units](#) to Nicaragua is part of a broader strategy to modernize fleets across Latin America.
- **Remittance Risk:** A 1% tax on remittances in Honduras and the TPS threat in El Salvador highlight the [vulnerability of dollar-dependent](#) economies.

LEADERSHIP CHANGES

The political landscape in the Andean region is in flux, with significant status changes for both established and interim leaders. In Europe, internal friction within the EU

diplomatic core signals a potential shift in defense policy.

- **José Jerí (Peru):** Ousted from the interim presidency for "moral incapacity." He is now a **political pariah** facing criminal investigation for influence trafficking and [clandestine palace meetings](#).
- **Fernando Rospigliosi (Peru):** As President of the Congress, he is managing the transition to the next interim leader. He represents the **legislative dominance** over the executive.
- **Claudia Sheinbaum (Mexico):** Consolidating her role as a regional **bridge leader**, balancing U.S./Canada trade (TMEC) while maintaining [solidarity with Cuba](#).
- **Monica Garcia (Spain):** The Health Minister is facing a **crisis of legitimacy** as medical unions vow to strike monthly until June over [deteriorating labor conditions](#).
- **Keiko Fujimori (Peru):** Identified as one of the ["sinister characters"](#) moving strings from behind the scenes, yet facing a potentially crushing fourth defeat in the upcoming elections.

EDITORIAL POSTURE & STORY HIERARCHY

The editorial strategy for February 17 focuses on **Popular Sovereignty vs. Corporate Corruption**. The broadcast leads with vibrant Carnival footage, using it as a "soft power" tool to contrast the "joy" of socialist-aligned nations with the "misery" of neoliberal ones. The Peruvian political collapse is treated as a validation of this narrative, while the Venezuela Amnesty Law is given significant airtime to paint the government as a peacemaker.

Buried Stories: The broadcast largely ignores the specific details of the Russian military's progress in Ukraine, focusing instead on the "trilateral talks" in Geneva. Similarly, while STIs and Chikungunya are mentioned, the broader humanitarian crisis within Venezuela's health sector is entirely absent, replaced by a focus on the [health strike in Madrid](#).

Conspicuous Omissions: There is no mention of internal dissent within the Venezuelan National Assembly regarding the Amnesty Law, nor any coverage of independent audits of the "Lula tribute" at the Rio Sambodromo. The news of the 2,800 "evaporated" people in Gaza is presented without Israeli military context or corroboration from independent agencies on the ground.

GEOPOLITICAL FRAMING

The day's framing reinforces a worldview of "oppressed resistance" vs. "imperialist encroachment," with the U.S. and Israel cast as the primary antagonists and the BRICS nations as the moral and economic salvation.

COUNTRIES

- **Peru:** Framed as a **failed state** under the control of a "mafia pact." It is described as the only country in the world with "eight presidents in less than a decade" while resources are extracted ["a diestra y siniestra"](#) (left and right) by foreign capitals.
- **Venezuela:** Portrayed as a **strong, magnanimous peacemaker**. The government is framed as "constructing narratives of peace" through laws that allow the "radical right" to be [re-incorporated into society](#).

- **Israel:** Depicted as a **predatory occupying power** using "demographic engineering" and "robbery" to [formalize land theft](#).
- **China:** Framed as a **principled partner** for the Global South, offering infrastructure and "aranceles cero" (zero tariffs) to [African nations](#) and transport units to Nicaragua.

LEADERS

- **Lula da Silva:** Framed as a **sindicalista global** (global unionist) and a symbol of resistance, even receiving a [tribute in Rio](#) as the "obrero de Brasil" (worker of Brazil).
- **Javier Milei:** Portrayed as **inept and deceitful**, "selling his country for nothing" and promoting [failing cryptocurrencies](#).
- **Donald Trump:** Framed as an **erratic bully** who insults athletes while failing to secure [meaningful peace](#) in the Middle East.

INFORMATION WARFARE ENVIRONMENT

The meta-narrative of the day is **The Disguise of Authority**. In Peru, interim President Jerí is accused of using [disguises](#) to hide his corruption, a metaphor for how "neoliberal" governments supposedly hide their true motives. Simultaneously, Israel's legal maneuvers are described as a ["disguise of law"](#) to facilitate theft. This narrative seeding aims to delegitimize any legal or procedural action taken by non-aligned states.

In Venezuela, the government is controlling the narrative of "reconciliation." By framing the Amnesty Law as an act of [mercy for those who "applauded bombing."](#) the state media pre-emptively labels any future opposition

protest as "radical" and ungrateful. The use of "Nacho" and other field reporters to highlight "joy" and "peace" during Carnival serves as a powerful [psychological operation](#) to distract from continuing domestic economic pressures.

HYPOTHESES AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

- **Peruvian Disintegration:** The election of a ninth president will likely fail to stabilize the country, leading to a military intervention or the postponement of the April 2026 elections if civil unrest escalates [beyond 50% voter apathy](#).
- **Venezuelan Opposition Purge:** The Amnesty Law will be used to create a tiered citizenship, where "reconciled" opposition members are allowed in the system and "radical" ones (like those linked to Maria Corina Machado) are [permanently excluded](#) via the revocation of measures for "violating the peace."
- **Middle East Escalation:** If Israel proceeds with registering 60% of West Bank territory, a coordinated regional military response or a massive diplomatic break by Jordan/Egypt is [highly likely](#).

STRATEGIC FORESIGHT

Short Term (1-4 Weeks): Expect a **surge in protests in Lima** as various collectives question the legitimacy of the "mafia pact" in Congress. In Venezuela, the first high-profile [releases under the Amnesty Law](#) will be heavily televised to show state "magnanimity."

Medium Term (1-6 Months): A **diplomatic showdown** regarding the Esequibo territory will occur as the 60th anniversary of the Geneva Agreement passes without a

Guyanese concession, likely leading to Venezuelan [increased naval presence](#) in the area. Argentina will likely face a **general strike** as the CGT and public transport workers align against the Milei labor reforms.

Long Term (1-5 Years): China will **replace the U.S.** as the primary provider of logistics and transport infrastructure in Central America, as evidenced by the Nicaragua deal. Europe will face a **defense identity crisis** as it attempts to reconcile its modesta hypersonic tests with the reality of [6,000 Russian nuclear warheads](#).

RISK ASSESSMENT

The primary risk is a **regional domino effect of institutional collapse** in South America, starting with Peru and spreading through labor unrest in Argentina and the Esequibo border dispute.

- **Risk of Border Conflict (Esequibo):** Venezuela maintains that the Geneva Agreement is the "only valid instrument." **Triggers:** Guyana granting further exploration rights to ExxonMobil in [disputed waters](#). **Likelihood:** High. **Impact:** Regional war and disruption of Atlantic oil supplies. **Mitigation:** Multilateral mediation excluding the U.S./UK.
- **Risk of Total Economic Collapse in Honduras:** Fuel prices over 100 lempiras are causing a "chain effect." **Triggers:** Failure of the [IMF mission](#) to grant concessions. **Likelihood:** Moderate. **Impact:** Massive migration surge to the U.S. **Mitigation:** Subsidies and energy trade realignments with Venezuela/Petrocaribe.

- **Risk of "Rukpul" (Rug-pull) in Digital Assets:** The Argentinian Libra collapse highlights the risk of "presidential promotion" of assets. **Triggers:** Further [judiciary stalls](#) in the Milei/Novelli case. **Likelihood:** High for similar regional schemes. **Impact:** Total loss of savings for millions. **Mitigation:** Strict regional crypto-regulations.
- **Risk of Chikungunya Epidemic Spillover:** With 4,000 cases and a [child in intensive care](#) in Bolivia. **Triggers:** Unseasonable rains in neighboring Brazil/Paraguay. **Likelihood:** High. **Impact:** Regional health system strain. **Mitigation:** Coordinated vector control campaigns.
- **Risk of European Social Unrest:** The combination of [extreme cold waves \(-20°C\)](#) and health strikes. **Triggers:** Energy grid failures in Poland/France. **Likelihood:** Moderate. **Impact:** Fall of regional governments in Spain/France. **Mitigation:** Reversal of energy privatization policies.

GAPS & BLIND SPOTS

- The **status of the Venezuelan electrical grid**, which is critical for hospitals during the Chikungunya outbreak, is ignored.
- There is **no mention of Russian casualties** or technical failures in their own hypersonic programs, providing an unbalanced view of the "missile gap."
- The transcripts fail to explain why **Guyana's government** believes the Geneva Agreement is no longer valid, presenting only the Venezuelan side.
- Missing is any **economic analysis of how China's "zero tariffs"** for Africa might negatively affect domestic industries in those 53 countries.

- The reports do not clarify the **source of the funding** for the massive "Lula tributes" and whether they were state-sponsored or purely "popular."

CONTRARIAN NARRATIVE SCENARIOS

The Amnesty Law as a Pre-emptive Purge

Contrary to the "reconciliation" narrative, the Amnesty Law may be a **legal trap**. By defining the temporal scope up to July 2024, the government may be identifying all remaining dissenters to offer them a choice: absolute silence or "revoked liberty" as seen with [Juan Pablo Guanipa](#). In this view, the "magnanimity" is actually the final phase of institutional capture.

Peru's Chaos as a Deliberate Distraction

The constant removal of presidents could be a **calculated maneuver** by the congressional "mafia pact" to ensure no executive is ever strong enough to regulate the extractive industries. The "chaos" is not a failure, but the intended [operating environment](#) for the elite.

Black Swan Event: The Groenlandia Break

If the U.S. attempts to "take possession" of Greenland (Groenlandia) as hinted in the [tensions with the White House](#), it could trigger a total collapse of NATO, as Denmark and the EU could no longer reconcile security needs with territorial integrity.

RECOMMENDATIONS & IMPLICATIONS

For Statecraft/Public Sector:

- **Security:** Increase surveillance of non-conventional "thermobaric" weapons proliferation, as their usage is now becoming part of standard geopolitical [critique and propaganda](#).
- **Economic:** Diversify away from dollar-dependent remittances by establishing **BRICS-aligned currency swaps**, as the U.S. TPS policy is now being used as a tool of statecraft.
- **Diplomatic:** Utilize the Geneva 2026 hub to establish "neutral zones" for negotiations that bypass traditional Western frameworks.

For Private Sector/Investors:

- **Supply Chain:** Move logistics hubs out of the [Strait of Hormuz](#) and Lima, Peru, as both are now high-volatility zones.
- **Regulatory:** Prepare for a "neoliberal backlash" in the EU, specifically regarding the **privatization of healthcare** and energy.
- **Capital Allocation:** Avoid Argentinian digital assets and focus on [mining sectors](#) in Peru, which remain profitable despite the political collapse.

LEGISLATIVE ROUNDUP

The day was defined by two opposing legislative acts: Peru's removal of a president for corruption, and Venezuela's passage of an amnesty law for political crimes. Both use the "rule of law" to achieve radically different ends—one to dismantle an executive, the other to [consolidate one](#).

BILLS DISCUSSED/DEBATED:

- **General Amnesty Law (Venezuela):** Covers crimes from 1999 to 2026. Intended to "pacify" the country after the [January 3 attacks](#).
- **Labor Reform Law (Argentina):** Allegedly "written by companies," eliminating indemnification and [precaritizing employment](#).
- **Emergency Fiscal Law (Honduras):** Proposed by the administration to manage the fuel price [inflation crisis](#).
- **China Aranceles Cero Treaty:** Applied to 53 African nations to [facilitate trade](#) and infrastructure.

HEARINGS & PRESS EVENTS:

- **Peru Congressional Session (Feb 17):** Resulted in the [75-vote impeachment](#) of José Jerí.
- **IMF Mission to Honduras:** High-level meetings in Tegucigalpa to [evaluate fiscal policy](#).
- **Munich Security Conference (62nd Edition):** Focused on **Marco Rubio's** push for NATO alignment with [U.S. migration interests](#).

KEY STORIES

- **Ousting of José Jerí in Peru:** Congress removed the interim leader with 75 votes over corruption and [palace scandals](#).
- **Venezuela Amnesty Law Progress:** National Assembly passes articles 1-6, including amnesty for those involved in the [2002 coup and 2024 unrest](#).

- **Israel West Bank Expansion:** Israel reactivates land registration, a move condemned as ["disguised annexation"](#) of Palestinian land.
- **Iran-US Nuclear Understanding:** Indirect talks in Geneva/Oman show [progress on principles](#) for a potential deal.
- **Russia-Ukraine-US Geneva Talks:** Putin sends Medinski to negotiate, though [territories remain a hurdle](#).
- **Argentina Cripto-Libra Scandal:** Massive retail losses reported as the Milei-backed coin [crashes 85%](#).
- **European Hypersonic Test:** A prototype missile reached Mach 6 in Norway, though critics call it ["modest"](#) compared to Russia/China.
- **Chikungunya Outbreak in Bolivia:** Santa Cruz reports its [first death](#) and 4,000 cases.
- **Honduras Fuel Crisis:** Gas prices exceed \$4/gallon, prompting [economic retroceso](#) (retreat).
- **Nicaragua-China Transport Deal:** 100 new transport units delivered to [Nicaraguan cooperatives](#).
- **Madrid Health Strike:** 70% of doctors strike against Minister Garcia's ["marco estatuto"](#) (framework statute).
- **Gaza Casualties Disputed:** Analysts claim the real death toll could be [200,000 to 500,000](#) due to "evaporated" bodies from thermobaric bombs.
- **Madagascar Cyclone Hesani:** 60 people reported [dead](#) following the storm.
- **El Salvador Remittance Risk:** TPS cancellation could cost the nation [25% of its GDP](#).
- **Carnival Celebrations:** Massive parades in Rio, Sao Paulo, Barranquilla, and Oruro framed as [cultural resistance](#).

- **Death of Jesse Jackson:** Civil rights activist dies at 84; [Mexico pays tribute](#).
- **Winter Games 2026:** Netherlands dominates speed skating while Piñeiro [falls in Slalom](#).
- **South Africa Foot-and-Mouth Epidemic:** Worst outbreak in history impacts [beef exports](#) to China.
- **Mexico-Canada TMEC Meeting:** Sheinbaum meets Minister Le Blanche to [strengthen agro-exports](#).
- **March of the Cloves:** Caracas honors Ali Primera during [Carnival festivities](#).

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Today's Media Trends is a public interest experiment in applying deep thematic trend analysis to television news coverage from around the world to explore how responsibly applied advanced AI can help journalists and scholars better understand the overarching trends, themes and patterns of our global world.

No data is used to train or tune any AI model.

Each morning, in collaboration with the Internet Archive's TV News Archive, we apply Google's Gemini 3 to deeply examine yesterday's coverage from each television

news channel to tease out the overarching themes and trends of its news coverage into a richly annotated thematic analysis. Each high-level insight is connected back to the original broadcast, allowing journalists and scholars to understand the dominate themes and trends and instantly click out to the underlying sources for details.

By helping journalists and scholars see the broader trends and patterns of global news coverage, this analysis helps them identify relevant stories and coverage they might not otherwise have encountered and uncover connections, emphases and narrative shifts that enable more comprehensive reporting and deeper, evidence-based research.

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